# **Complaints Procedure**

#### 1.0 Context

- 1.1 These "Arrangements" set out how you may make a complaint that an elected or co-opted Member of this authority (or of a Town or Parish council within its area) has failed to comply with the Councillors' Code of Conduct, and sets out how the authority will deal with allegations of a failure to comply with the Councillors' Code of Conduct.
- 1.2 Under Section 28(6) and (7) of the Localism Act 2011, the Council must have in place "arrangements" under which allegations that a Member or co-opted Member of the authority (or of a Town or Parish council within the authority's area), or of a Committee or Sub-Committee of the authority, has failed to comply with Code of Conduct can be investigated and decisions made on such allegations.
- 1.3 Such arrangements must provide for the authority to appoint at least 1 Independent Person, whose views must be sought by the authority before it takes a decision on an allegation which it has decided shall be investigated, and whose views can be sought by the authority at any other stage, or by a Member (or a Member or co-opted Member of a Town or Parish council) against whom an allegation has been made.

#### 2.0 The Code of Conduct

- 2.1 The Council has adopted a Code of Conduct for Councillors, which is available for inspection on the authority's website and on request from Reception at the Council Offices.
- 2.2 Each Town and Parish Council is also required to adopt a Code of Conduct. If you wish to inspect a Town or Parish Council's Code of Conduct, you should inspect any website operated by the Town or Parish Council and request the Town or Parish Clerk to allow you to inspect the Town or Parish Council's Code of Conduct.

### 3.0 Making a complaint

3.1 If you wish to make a complaint, please write or email to:

The Deputy Monitoring Officer - Jeff Hughes
East Herts Council
Council Offices
Wallfields

Pegs Lane Hertford SG13 8EQ

Tel: 01279 655261

- 3.2 The Monitoring Officer is a senior officer of the authority who has statutory responsibility for maintaining the register of Members' interests and who is responsible for administering the system in respect of complaints of Member misconduct.
- 3.3 In order to ensure that the Council has all the information which we need to be able to process your complaint, please complete and send us the complaint form, which can be downloaded from the authority's website, next to the Code of Conduct, and is available on request from the Reception at the Council Offices.
- 3.4 Please provide the Council with your name and a contact address or email address, so that we can acknowledge receipt of your complaint and keep you informed of its progress. If you want to keep your name and address confidential, please indicate this in the space provided on the complaint form. The Monitoring Officer will consider your request and if granted we will not disclosure your name and address to the Member against whom you make the complaint, without your prior consent.
- 3.5 The authority does not normally investigate anonymous complaints, unless there is a clear public interest in doing so.
- 3.6 The Monitoring Officer will acknowledge receipt of your complaint within 5 working days of receiving it, and will keep you informed of the progress of your complaint.
- 3.7 The Complaints Procedure Flowchart is annexed at Appendix 1 for your assistance. The Council will endeavour to deal with a complaint within 3 months.

# 4.0 Will your complaint be investigated?

- 4.1 The Monitoring Officer will review every complaint received and, may consult with the Independent Person before referring it to the Standards Sub-Committee
- 4.2 This decision will normally be taken within 28 working days of receipt of your complaint. Your complaint will be considered in accordance with the

Assessment Criteria annexed at Appendix 2. The Standards Sub-Committee will make a recommendation as to whether the complaint should be investigated. Where the Sub-Committee requires additional information in order to come to a decision, the Monitoring Officer may come back to you for such information, and may request information from the Member against whom your complaint is directed. Where your complaint relates to a Town or Parish Councillor, the Monitoring Officer may also inform the Parish Council of your complaint and seek the views of the Town or Parish Council before submitting it to the Sub-Committee.

- 4.3 In appropriate cases, the Monitoring Officer may seek to resolve the complaint informally, without the need for a formal investigation. Such informal resolution may involve the Member accepting that his/her conduct was unacceptable and offering an apology, or other remedial action by the authority. Where the Member or the authority make a reasonable offer of informal resolution, but you are not willing to accept the offer, the Sub-Commitee will take account of this in deciding whether the complaint merits further investigation.
- 4.4 If your complaint identifies criminal conduct or breach of other regulation by any person, the Monitoring Officer has the power to call in the Police or other regulatory agencies.

## 5.0 How is the investigation conducted?

- 5.1 The Council has adopted a procedure for the investigation of misconduct complaints, which is attached as Appendix 3 to these arrangements.
- 5.2 If the Council decides that a complaint merits further investigation, the Council may appoint an Investigating Officer, who may be another senior officer of the authority, an officer of another authority or an external investigator. The Investigating Officer or Monitoring Officer will decide whether he/she needs to meet or speak to you to understand the nature of your complaint and so that you can explain your understanding of events and suggest what documents needs to seen, and who needs to be interviewed.
- 5.3 The Investigating Officer or Monitoring Officer will normally write to the Member against whom you have complained and provide him/her with a copy of your complaint, and ask the Member to provide his/her explanation of events, and to identify what documents he needs to see and who he needs to interview. In exceptional cases, where it is appropriate to keep your identity confidential or disclosure of details of the

- complaint to the Member might prejudice the investigation, the Monitoring Officer can delete your name and from the papers given to the Member, or delay notifying the Member until the investigation has progressed sufficiently.
- 5.4 At the end of his/her investigation, the Investigating Officer or Monitoring Officer will produce a draft report ("the Investigation Report") and will send copies of that draft report, in confidence, to you and to the Member concerned, to give you both an opportunity to identify any matter in that draft report which you disagree with or which you consider requires more consideration.
- 5.5 Having received and taken account of any comments which you may make on the draft Investigation Report. Where an Investigating Officer has been appointed the Investigating Officer will send his/her final report to the Monitoring Officer.
- 6.0 What happens if the Investigating Officer or Monitoring Officer concludes that there is no evidence of a failure to comply with the Code of Conduct?
- 6.1 If an Investigating Officer has been appointed the Monitoring Officer will review the Investigating Officer's report and, if he is satisfied that the Investigating Officer's report is sufficient, the Monitoring Officer will write to you and to the Member concerned and to the Town or Parish Council, where your complaint relates to a Parish Councillor, notifying you that he is satisfied that no further action is required, and give you both a copy of the Investigation Final Report. The Monitoring Officer will then report to the Standards Sub-Committee which will make a decision based on the report.
- 6.2 If an Investigating Officer has been appointed and if the Monitoring Officer is not satisfied that the investigation has been conducted properly, he may ask the Investigating Officer to reconsider his/her report.
- 7.0 What happens if the Investigating Officer or Monitoring Officer concludes that there is evidence of a failure to comply with the Code of Conduct?
- 7.1 If an Investigating Officer has been appointed the Monitoring Officer will review the Investigating Officer's report and will then either send the matter for a hearing before the Standards Sub-Committee and in consultation with the Independent Person seek an informal resolution.

#### 7.1.1 Informal Resolution

The Monitoring Officer may consider that the matter can reasonably be resolved without the need for a hearing. In such a case, he/she will consult with the Independent Person and with you as complainant and seek to agree what you may consider to be a fair resolution which also helps to ensure higher standards of conduct for the future. Such resolution may include the Member accepting that his/her conduct was unacceptable and offering an apology, and/or other remedial action by the authority. If the Member complies with the suggested resolution, the Monitoring Officer will report the matter to the Standards Committee and the Town or Parish Council for information, but will take no further action.

#### 7.1.2 Hearing

If the Monitoring Officer considers that informal resolution is not appropriate, or the Councillor concerned is not prepared to undertake any proposed remedial action, such as giving an apology, then the Monitoring Officer will report the Investigation Report to the Sub-Committee which may conduct a hearing before deciding whether the Member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct and, if so, whether to take any action in respect of the member.

The Council has agreed a procedure for hearing complaints, which is attached as Appendix 4 to these arrangements.

At the hearing, the Investigating Officer or the Monitoring Officer will present his/her report, call such witnesses as he/she considers necessary and make representations to substantiate his/her conclusion that the Member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct. For this purpose, the Investigating Officer or Monitoring Officer may ask you as the complainant to attend and give evidence to the Sub-Committee. The Member will then have an opportunity to give his/her evidence, to call witnesses and to make representations to the Sub-Committee as to why he/she considers that he/she did not fail to comply with the Code of Conduct.

The Sub-Committee, with the benefit of any advice from the Independent Person, may conclude that the Member did not fail to comply with the Code of Conduct, and dismiss the complaint. If the Sub-Committee concludes that the Member did fail to comply with

the Code of Conduct, the Chairman will inform the Member of this finding and the Sub-Committee will then consider what action, if any, the Sub-Committee should recommend as a result of the Member's failure to comply with the Code of Conduct. In doing this, the Sub-Committee will give the Member an opportunity to make representations to the Sub-Committee and will consult the Independent Person, but will then decide what action, if any, to take in respect of the matter.

# 8.0 What action can the Standards Sub-Committee take where a Member has failed to comply with the Code of Conduct?

- 8.1 The Sub-Committee may decide to take action in respect of individual Members as may be necessary to promote and maintain high standards of conduct. Accordingly the Sub-Committee may consider:-
- 8.2 i. A formal letter to the Councillor found to have breached the code;
  - ii. Formal censure by motion;
  - iii. Removal by the authority of the Member from Committee(s) subject to statutory and constitutional requirements;
  - iv. Press release or other appropriate publicity;
- 8.3 The Sub-Committee has no power to suspend or disqualify the Member or to withdraw Members' or special responsibility allowances.

### 9.0 What happens at the end of the hearing?

- 9.1 At the end of the hearing, the Chairman will state the decision of the Standards Sub-Committee as to whether the Member failed to comply with the Code of Conduct and as to any actions which the Sub-Committee resolves to take.
- 9.2 The Monitoring Officer will prepare a formal decision notice in consultation with the Chairman of the Sub Committee, and send a copy to you, to the Member and to the Town or Parish Council, making that decision notice available for public inspection.

#### 10.0 Who are the Standards Sub-Committee?

- 10.1 It is a Sub-Committee comprising Independent Members.
- 10.2 If the Councillor complained about is a member of a Town or Parish Council a Town or Parish Councillor who is a member of the Standards Committee will also be invited to attend the Sub-Committee.

10.3 The Independent Person is invited to attend all meetings of the Sub-Committee and their views are sought and taken into consideration before the Sub-Committee takes any decision on whether the Member's conduct constitutes a failure to comply with the Code of Conduct and as to any action to be taken following a finding of failure to comply with the Code of Conduct.

### 11.0 Who is the Independent Person?

- 11.1 The Independent Person is a person who has applied for the post following advertisement of a vacancy for the post, and is appointed by a positive vote from a majority of all the Members of Council.
- 11.2 A person cannot be "independent" if he/she:
  - 11.2.1 ls, or has been within the past 5 years, a member, co-opted member or officer of the authority;
  - 11.2.2 (Is or has been within the past 5 years, a member, co-opted member or officer of a parish council within the authority's area), or
  - 11.2.3 Is a relative or close friend, of a person within paragraph 11.2.1 or 11.2.2 above. For this purpose, a "relative" means:
    - 11.2.3.1 Spouse or civil partner;
    - 11.2.3.2 Living with the other person as husband and wife or as if they were civil partners;
    - 11.2.3.3 Grandparent of the other person;
    - 11.2.3.4 A lineal descendent of a grandparent of the other person;
    - 11.2.3.5 A parent, sibling or child of a person within paragraphs 11.2.3.1 or 11.2.3.2; or
    - 11.2.3.6 A spouse or civil partner of a person within paragraphs 11.2.3.3, 11.2.3.4 or 11.2.3.5; or
    - 11.2.3.7 Living with a person within paragraphs 11.2.3.3, 11.2.3.4 or 11.2.3.5 as husband and wife or as if they were civil partners.

## 12.0 Revision of these arrangements

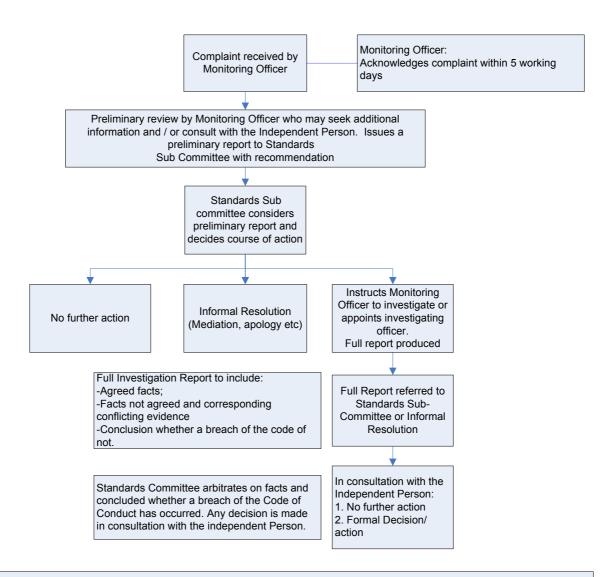
The Council may by resolution agree to amend these arrangements, and has delegated to the Chairman of the Sub-Committee the right to depart from these arrangements where he/she considers that it is expedient to do so in order to secure the effective and fair consideration of any matter.

# 13.0 Appeals

- 13.1 There is no right of appeal for you as complainant or for the Member against a decision of the Monitoring Officer or of the Sub-Committee.
- 13.2 If you feel that the authority has failed to deal with your complaint properly, you can make a complaint to the Local Government Ombudsman.

#### **APPENDIX 1**

# **Complaints Procedure Flowchart**



Preliminary tests:

Potential breach of the code?

What to do with it?

Assessment of public interest?

Decision within 28 working days of receipt

Or seek additional information as required prior to making a decision.

Independent Persons is consulted

Complaints which would not normally be referred for investigation:

- 1. The complaint is not considered sufficiently serious to warrant investigation; or
- 2. The complaint appears to be simply motivated by malice or is "tit-for-tat" or
- 3 The complaint appears to be politically motivated; or
- 1. It appears that there can be no breach of the Code of Conduct; for example, that it relates to the Councillor's private life or is about dissatisfaction with a Council decision; or
- 5 It is about someone who is no longer a Councillor
- 6 There is insufficient information available for referral; or
- 7 The complaint has not been received within 3 months of the alleged misconduct unless there are exceptional circumstances e.g. allegation of bullying, harassment etc.
- 8. The matter occurred so long ago that it would be difficult for a fair investigation to be carried out; or
- 9. The same, or similar, complaint has already been investigated and there is nothing further to be gained by seeking the sanctions available to the Council; or
- 10 It is an anonymous complaint, unless it includes sufficient documentary evidence to show a significant breach of the Code of Conduct.
- 11. Where the Member complained of has apologised and/or admitted making an error and the matter would not warrant a more serious sanction.

#### **APPENDIX 2**

### STANDARDS COMPLAINTS ASSESSMENT CRITERIA

## Complaints which would not normally be referred for investigation

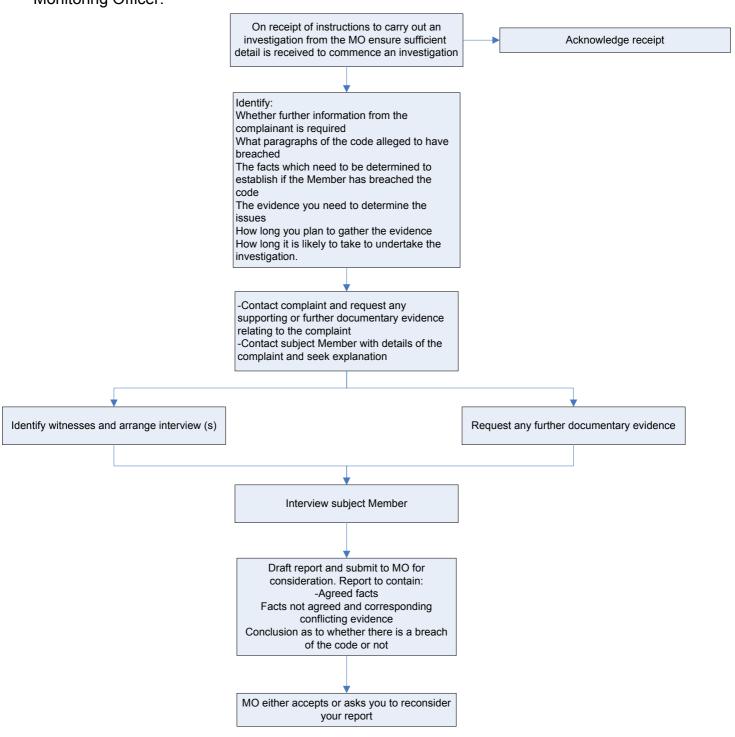
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- The complaint appears to be politically motivated; or
- 4. It appears that there can be no breach of the Code of Conduct; for example, that it relates to the Councillor's private life or is about dissatisfaction with a Council decision; or
- 5. it is about someone who is no longer a Councillor
- 5. There is insufficient information available for a referral; or
- 6. The complaint has not been received within 3 months of the alleged misconduct unless there are exceptional circumstances e.g. allegation of bullying, harassment etc.
- 7. The matter occurred so long ago that it would be difficult for a fair investigation to be carried out; or
- 8. The same, or similar, complaint has already been investigated and there is nothing further to be gained by seeking the sanctions available to the Council; or
- 9. It is an anonymous complaint, unless it includes sufficient documentary evidence to show a significant breach of the Code of Conduct.
- 10. Where the Member complained of has apologised and/or admitted making an error and the matter would not warrant a more serious sanction

#### **APPENDIX 3**

# STANDARDS COMPLAINTS INVESTIGATION PROCEDURE

You should maintain a written record to demonstrate what was considered at the start of each investigation and plan how you intend to carry out the investigation, the paragraphs of the code that may have been breached, the facts you need to determine to establish, the evidence you will need, how you plan to gather the evidence and how long it will take to conclude your investigation. Remember there is no provision in the Localism Act 2011 for co -operation with your investigation.

A written Investigation Report will need to be prepared for consideration by the Council's Monitoring Officer.



# Appendix 4

# **Complaints Standards Sub-Committee Procedure**

<u>Item</u> <u>No.</u>	<u>Procedure</u>		
1	Quorum		
	1.1. Three Members must be present throughout the hearing to form a quorum.		
	1.2. The Sub-Committee shall elect a Chairman for the meeting		
2	<u>Opening</u>		
	2.1 The Chairman explains the procedure for the hearing and reminds all parties to turn off mobile phones.		
	2.2 The Chairman asks all present to introduce themselves		
	2.3 The Councillor will be asked whether they wish to briefly outline their position		
3	The Complaint		
	3.1 The Investigating Officer shall be invited to present their report including any documentary evidence or other material (and to call witnesses as required by the Investigating Officer). This report and documentary evidence must be based on the complaint made to the Council – no new points will be allowed.		
	3.2 The Councillor against whom the complaint has been made (or their representative) may question the Investigating Officer upon the content of their report and any witnesses called by the Investigating Officer. (This is the Councillor's opportunity to ask questions arising from the Investigator's report and not to make a statement)		
	3.3 Members of the Sub-Committee may question the Investigating Officer upon the content of their report and/or any witnesses called by the Investigating Officer		
4	The Councillor's case		
	4.1 The Councillor against whom the complaint has been made (or their representative) may present their case (and call any witnesses as required by the Councillor or their representative)		

	4.2	The Investigating Officer may question the Councillor and/or any witnesses	
	4.3	Members of the Sub-Committee may question the Member and/or any witnesses	
5	Summing Up		
	5.1	The Investigating Officer may sum up the Complaint	
	5.2	The Member (or their representative) may sum up their case.	
6	<u>Decision</u>		
	6.1	Members of the Sub-Committee will deliberate in private to consider the complaint in consultation with the Independent Person prior to reaching a decision	
	6.2	Upon the Sub-Committee's return the Chairman will announce the Sub-Committee's decision in the following terms:-	
	6.2.1	The Sub-Committee decides that the Member has failed to follow the Code of Conduct or	
	6.2.2	The Sub-Committee decides that the Member has not failed to follow the Code of Conduct	
	6.2.3	The Sub-Committee will give reasons for their decision	
	6.3	If the Sub-Committee decides that the Member has failed to follow the Code of Conduct the Panel will consider any representations from the Investigator and/or the Member as to:	
	6.3.1	Whether any action should be taken and	
	6.3.2	What form any action should take	
	6.4	The Sub-Committee will then deliberate in private to consider what action if any should be taken in consultation with the Independent Person	
	6.5	On the Sub-Committee's return the Chairman will announce the Sub-Committee's decision (in relation to a Parish Councillor a recommendation to the Parish Council)	
	6.6	The Sub-Committee will consider whether it should make any recommendations to the Council or in relation to a Parish Councillor to the Parish Council with a view to promoting high standards of conduct among Members.	